

Kim Mun language

Kim Mun language (金門方言) is a Hmong–Mien language spoken by 200,000 of the Yao people in the provinces of Guangxi, Hunan and Hainan, as well as 170,000 in some areas of northern Vietnam. (figures as per Ethnologue, 18th Edition)

Iu Mien and Kim Mun are very similar to each other, having a lexical similarity percentage of 78%.

Contents

Distribution

Notes

References

External links

Distribution

In China, Kim Mun is spoken in the following counties (Mao 2004:304-305).^[3]

- Yunnan*: Hekou, Malipo, Maguan, Xichou, Qiubei, Guangnan, Funing, Yanshan, Shizong, Jiangcheng, Mojiang, Yuanyang, Jinping, Lüchun, Mengla, Jinghong
- Guangxi*: Xilin, Lingyun, Napo, Tianlin, Fengshan, Bama, Lipu, Pingle, Mengshan, Jinxiu, Yongfu, Luzhai, Fangcheng, Shangsi
- Hainan*: Qiongzong, Baoting, Qionghai, Tunchang, Ledong, Wanning, Yaxian

The Ethnologue lists several counties in Vietnam where Kim Mun is spoken. The Van Ban district of Lao Cai province is perhaps the primary area. In Vietnam, Dao people belonging to the Quần Trắng, Thanh Y, and Áo Dài subgroups speak Kim Mun.^[4]

Notes

1. Kim Mun (<https://www.ethnologue.com/18/language/mji/>) at *Ethnologue* (18th ed., 2015)

2. Hammarström, Harald; Forkel, Robert; Haspelmath, Martin, eds. (2017). "Kim Mun" (<http://glottolog.org/resource/languoid/id/kimm1245>). *Glottolog 3.0*. Jena, Germany: Max Planck Institute for the Science of Human History.

3. 毛宗武, 李云兵 / Mao Zongwu, Li Yunbing. 1997. 巴哼语研究 / Baheng yu yan jiu (A Study of Baheng [Pa-Hng]). Shanghai: 上海远东出版社 / Shanghai yuan dong chu ban she.

4. Phan Hữu Dật & Hoàng Hoa Toàn. 1998. "Về vấn đề xác minh tên gọi và phân loại các ngành Dao Tuyên Quang." In Phan Hữu Dật (ed). *Một số vấn đề về dân tộc học Việt Nam*, p.483-

Kim Mun	
Native to	China, Vietnam, Laos
Region	Jinxiu Yao Autonomous County
Native speakers	(ca. 400,000 cited 1995–1999) ^[1]
Language family	<div>Hmong–Mien<ul style="list-style-type: none">Mienic<ul style="list-style-type: none">Mian–Jin<ul style="list-style-type: none">Kim Mun</div>
Official status	
Official language in	 China (Jinxiu Yao Autonomous County)
Language codes	
ISO 639-3	mji
Glottolog	kimm1245 (http://glottolog.org/resource/languoid/id/kimm1245) ^[2]

References

- Clark, Eddie. (2008). *A phonological analysis and comparison of two Kim Mun varieties in Laos and Vietnam (Master's thesis)* (https://inter.payap.ac.th/wp-content/uploads/linguistics_students/Eddie_Clark_Thesis.pdf). Payap University.
- Phạm Văn Duy. 2014. *Văn hóa dân gian Kinh Môn*. Hanoi: Nhà xuất bản văn hóa thông tin. ISBN 978-604-50-1486-8
- Phan Hữu Dật & Hoàng Hoa Toàn. 1998. "Về vấn đề xác minh tên gọi và phân loại các ngành Dao Tuyên Quang." In Phan Hữu Dật (ed). *Một số vấn đề về dân tộc học Việt Nam*, p.483-567. Hà Nội: Nhà xuất bản Đại Học Quốc Gia Hà Nội.
- Shintani Tadahiko. 1990. The Mun language of Hainan Island : its classified lexicon [海南島門語: 分類詞匯集]. Tokyo: ILCAA.
- Shintani Tadahiko. 2008. The Mun language of Funing County: its classified lexicon. Tokyo: ILCAA.

External links

Asia Harvest. (N.d.) "People Group Profiles: Kim Mun" (<https://asiaharvest.org/wp-content/uploads/people-groups/Myanmar/KimMun.pdf>). Retrieved 12 June 2019.

Retrieved from "https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Kim_Mun_language&oldid=901494240"

This page was last edited on 12 June 2019, at 07:51 (UTC).

Text is available under the [Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike License](#); additional terms may apply. By using this site, you agree to the [Terms of Use](#) and [Privacy Policy](#). Wikipedia® is a registered trademark of the [Wikimedia Foundation, Inc.](#), a non-profit organization.